Kidney Transplant Recipient Follow-up (TRF) Record Field Descriptions

Transplant Recipient Follow-up (TRF) records are generated in Tiedi® at six months, one year and annually thereafter following transplantation, until either graft failure, recipient death or lost to follow-up is reported.

The TRF record is to be completed by the transplant center responsible for follow-up of the recipient at intervals of six months, one year and annually thereafter. The record is to contain only the applicable patient information since the last follow-up period, but no later than the date of death or graft failure. For example: the 6-month follow-up should contain information from the time after the TRR was completed to the 6-month transplant anniversary date; the 1-year follow-up should contain information from the day after the 6-month transplant anniversary date to the 1-year transplant anniversary date; the 2-year follow-up should contain information from the day after the 1-year transplant anniversary date to the 2-year anniversary date.

If the recipient dies or experiences a graft failure between follow-up intervals, complete an interim record containing the information pertinent to the patient no later than the date of death or graft failure. For example: an interim graft failure is reported with a graft failure date of March 10. The patient status date should also be March 10 and the information collected on the form should be based on patient evaluation no later than March 10.

TRF records generated before June 30, 2002 are forgiven except for the one-year, three-year, death/graft failure or most recently expected follow-up record. Amnesty records may be accessed by selecting the **Expected/Amnesty** and/or **Amnesty** option on the Search page. (For additional information, see **Searching for Patient Records – Appendix T** and **Records Generation – Appendix U**.)

If the patient is lost to follow-up, follow the steps for **Reporting Lost to Follow-up – See Appendix V**.

The TRF record must be completed within 30 days from the record generation date. See OPTN Policy for additional information. Use the search feature to locate specific policy information on Data Submission Requirements.

To correct information that is already displayed on an electronic record, call the UNet℠ Help Desk at 1-800-978-4334.

Recipient Information

Name: Verify the last name, first name and middle initial of the transplant recipient is correct. If the information is incorrect, corrections may be made on the recipient's TCR record.

DOB: Verify the displayed date is the recipient's date of birth. If the information is incorrect, corrections may be made on the recipient's TCR record.

SSN: Verify the recipient's social security number is correct. If the information is incorrect, contact the Help Desk at 1-800-978-4334.

Gender: Verify the recipient's gender is correct. If the information is incorrect, corrections may be made on the recipient's TCR record.

HIC: Verify the 9 to 11 character Health Insurance Claim number for the recipient indicated on the recipient's most recently updated TCR record is correct. If the recipient does not have a HIC number, you may leave this field blank.

Tx Date: The recipient's transplant date, reported in the Recipient Feedback, will display. Verify the transplant date is the date of the beginning of the first anastomosis. If the operation started in the evening and the first anastomosis began early the next morning, the transplant date is the date that the first anastomosis began. The transplant is considered complete when the cavity is closed and the final skin stitch/staple is applied.

Previous Follow-up: The recipient's follow-up status, reported in the previous TRF record, will display. Verify the recipient's previous follow-up status is correct.

Previous Px Stat Date: The recipient's patient status date, reported in the previous TRF record, will display. Verify the recipient's previous patient status date is correct.

Transplant Discharge Date: Enter the date the recipient was released to go home, or verify that the discharge date displayed is the date the recipient was released to go home. The patient's hospital stay includes total time spent in different units of the hospital, including medical and rehab. (This is a required field.)

> ***Note:*** The **Transplant Discharge Date** can only be edited on the patient's TRR, 6-month TRF and 1-year TRF. To correct this information on a follow-up that is after the 1-year TRF, access one of these three records and enter the correct date. The corrected information will automatically update on the other records.

State of Permanent Residence: Select the name of the state of the recipient's permanent address at the time of follow-up (location of full-time residence, not follow-up center location). This field is **required**. (**List of State codes – See Appendix A**)

Permanent Zip Code: Enter the recipient's permanent zip code at the time of follow-up (location of full-time residence, not follow-up center location). This field is **required.**

Provider Information

Recipient Center: The Recipient Center information reported in Waitlist displays. Verify that the center information is the hospital where the transplant operation was performed. The Provider Number is the 6-character Medicare identification number of the hospital. This is followed by the Center Code and Center Name.

Followup Center: The follow-up center, reported in the recipient's previous validated TRF record, will display. Verify the center name, center code and provider number for the center following the patient.

Physician Name: Enter the name of the physician who is following the patient.

NPI #: Enter the 10-character CMS (Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services, formerly HCFA) assigned National Provider Identifier of the transplant physician. Your hospital billing office may be able to obtain this number for you.

Follow-up Care Provided By: Indicate where the follow-up care was provided. If **Other Specify** is selected, specify the provider in the space provided.

Transplant Center
Non Transplant Center Specialty Physician
Primary Care Physician
Other Specify

Donor Information

UNOS Donor ID #: The UNOS Donor ID number, reported in the Recipient Feedback, will display. Each potential donor is assigned an identification number by OPTN/UNOS. This ID number corresponds to the date the donor information was entered into the OPTN/UNOS computer system.

Donor Type: The donor type, reported in the Recipient Feedback, will display. Verify the recipient's donor type is correct. If the information is incorrect, contact the UNet Help Desk at 1-800-978-4334.

Deceased indicates the donor was not living at the time of donation.
Living indicates the donor was living at the time of donation.

Patient Status (At Time of Follow-up)

Date: Last Seen, Retransplanted, Graft Failure, or Death: Enter the date the patient was last seen, the date of death, the date of graft failure**,** or the date of retransplant for this recipient, using the standard 8-digit numeric format of MM/DD/YYYY. The follow-up records (6-month, 1-year, 2-year, etc.) are to be completed within 30 days of the 6-month and yearly anniversaries of the transplant date. If the recipient died or the graft failed, and you have not completed an interim follow-up indicating these events, the 6-month and annual follow-ups should be completed indicating one of those two events.

Patient Status: If the recipient is living at the time of follow-up, select **Living**. If the recipient died during this follow-up period, select **Dead**. If the recipient received another kidney from a different donor during the follow-up period, select **Retransplanted**. If **Dead** is selected, indicate the cause of death.

Living
Dead
Retransplanted

Primary Cause of Death: If the Patient Status is **Dead**, select the patient's cause of death. If an **Other** code is selected, enter the other cause of death in the space provided. (**List of Primary Cause of Death codes – Appendix S**)

Contributory Cause of Death: If the Patient Status is **Dead**, select the patient's contributory cause of death. If an **Other** code is selected, enter the other cause of death in the space provided. (**List of Contributory Cause of Death codes – Appendix S**)

Contributory Cause of Death: If the Patient Status is **Dead**, select the patient's contributory cause of death. If an **Other** code is selected, enter the other cause of death in the space provided. (**List of Contributory Cause of Death codes – Appendix S**)

Hospitalizations:

Has the patient been hospitalized since the last patient status date: If the recipient has been hospitalized since the last patient status report, regardless of patient status (living, dead, or retransplanted), select **Yes**. If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **UNK**. If **Yes** is selected, indicate the number of hospitalizations.

Note: Hospitalizations should ONLY include inpatient visits.

TRR Diagnosis:

Disease Recurrence: This field will display on the TRF record if the recipient had one of the following diagnosis codes selected on their TRR record: **Mesangio-Capillary 1 Glomerulonephritis**, **Mesangio-Capillary 2 Glomerulonephritis**, **IGA Nephropathy**, **Anti-GBM**, **Focal Glomerular Sclerosis (Focal Segmental - FSG)**, **Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome**, **Henoch-Schoenlein Purpura** or **Membranous Nephropathy**. Select one of the following options regarding recurrence of the disease: ()

No recurrence
Suspected recurrence (not confirmed or unknown if confirmed by biopsy)
Biopsy confirmed recurrence
Unknown

Note: If **Biopsy Confirmed Recurrence** is selected, this selection will display on future TRFs with the follow-up year it was first indicated.

Functional Status: Select the choice that best describes the recipient's functional status at the time of follow-up. This field is **required.**

Note: The Karnofsky Index will display for adults aged 18 and older.

100% - Normal, no complaints, no evidence of disease
90% - Able to carry on normal activity: minor symptoms of disease

80% - Normal activity with effort: some symptoms of disease
70% - Cares for self: unable to carry on normal activity or active work
60% - Requires occasional assistance but is able to care for needs
50% - Requires considerable assistance and frequent medical care
40% - Disabled: requires special care and assistance
30% - Severely disabled: hospitalization is indicated, death not imminent
20% - Very sick, hospitalization necessary: active treatment necessary
10% - Moribund, fatal processes progressing rapidly
Unknown

Note: The Lansky Score will display for pediatrics aged less than 18.

100% - Fully active, normal
90% - Minor restrictions in physically strenuous activity
80% - Active, but tires more quickly
70% - Both greater restriction of and less time spent in play activity
60% - Up and around, but minimal active play; keeps busy with quieter activities
50% - Can dress but lies around much of day; no active play; can take part in quiet play/activities
40% - Mostly in bed; participates in quiet activities
30% - In bed; needs assistance even for quiet play
20% - Often sleeping; play entirely limited to very passive activities
10% - No play; does not get out of bed
Not Applicable (patient < 1 year old)
Unknown

Note: This evaluation should be in comparison to the person's normal function, indicating how the patient's disease has affected their normal function.

Cognitive Development: (Complete for recipients younger than 18 years of age at transplant and younger than 26 years of age at follow-up.) Select the choice that best describes the recipient's cognitive development at the time of follow-up.

Definite Cognitive Delay/Impairment (verified by IQ score <70 or unambiguous behavioral observation)

Probable Cognitive Delay/Impairment (not verified or unambiguous but more likely than not, based on behavioral observation or other evidence)

Questionable Cognitive Delay/Impairment (not judged to be more likely than not, but with some indication of cognitive delay/impairment such as expressive/receptive language and/or learning difficulties)

No Cognitive Delay/Impairment (no obvious indicators of cognitive delay/impairment)

Not Assessed

Motor Development: (Complete for recipients younger than 18 years of age at transplant and younger than 26 years of age at follow-up.) Select the choice that best describes the recipient's motor development at the time of follow-up.

Definite Motor Delay/Impairment (verified by physical exam or unambiguous behavioral observation)

Probable Motor Delay/Impairment (not verified or unambiguous but more likely than not, based on behavioral observation or other evidence)

Questionable Motor Delay/Impairment (not judged to be more likely than not, but with some indication of motor delay/impairment)

No Motor Delay/Impairment (no obvious indicators of motor delay/impairment)

Not Assessed

Working for income: (Complete for recipients 19 years of age or older.) If the recipient was working for income at the time of follow-up, select **Yes**. If not, select **No**. If reporting the recipient's death, indicate if the recipient was working for income just prior to death.

Academic Progress: (This field is **required** for recipients less than 18 years of age.) Select the choice that best describes the recipient's academic progress at the time of follow-up. If reporting the recipient's death, select the choice that best describes the recipient's progress just prior to death. If the recipient is less than 5 years old or has graduated from high school, select **Not Applicable < 5 years old/High School graduate or GED**.

Within One Grade Level of Peers
Delayed Grade Level
Special Education
Not Applicable < 5 years old/High School graduate or GED
Status Unknown

Academic Activity Level: (This field is **required** for recipients less than 18 years of age.) Select the choice that best describes the recipient's academic activity level at the time of follow-up. If reporting the recipient's death, select the choice that best describes the recipient's academic activity just prior to death. If the recipient is less than 5 years old or has graduated from high school, select **Not Applicable < 5 years old/High School graduate or GED**.

Full academic load
Reduced academic load
Unable to participate in academics due to disease or condition
Not Applicable < 5 years old/High School graduate or GED
Status Unknown

Primary Insurance at Follow-up: Select the recipient's source of primary payment (largest contributor) during the follow-up period.

Private insurance refers to funds from agencies such as Blue Cross/Blue Shield, etc. It also refers to any worker's compensation that is covered by a private insurer.

Public insurance - Medicaid refers to state Medicaid funds.

Public insurance - Medicare FFS (Fee-for-Service) refers to funds, from the government in which doctors and other health care providers are paid for each service provided to a recipient. For additional information about Medicare, see http://www.medicare.gov/Choices/Overview.asp.

Public insurance - Medicare & Choice (also known as Medicare Managed Care) refers to funds from the government in which doctors and other health care providers are paid for each service provided to a recipient, along with additional benefits such as coordination of care or reducing-out-of-pocket expenses. Sometimes a recipient may receive additional benefits such as prescription drugs. For additional information about Medicare, see http://www.medicare.gov/Choices/Overview.asp.

Public insurance - CHIP (Children's Health Insurance Program)

Public insurance - Department of VA refers to funds from the Veterans Administration.

Public insurance - Other government

Self indicates that the cost of follow-up will be paid for by the recipient.

Donation indicates that a company, institution, or individual(s) donated funds to pay for the follow-up period and care of the recipient.

Free Care indicates that the transplant hospital will not charge recipient for the costs of the follow-up period.
Foreign Government refers to funds provided by foreign government (Primary only). Specify foreign country in the space provided. (**List of Foreign Country codes – See Appendix E**)

Unknown

Clinical Information

Date of Measurement: (Complete for recipients younger than 18 years of age at transplant and younger than 26 years of age at follow-up.) Enter the date, using the 8-digit format of MM/DD/YYYY, the recipient's height and weight were measured. This field is **required**.

Height: Enter the height of the recipient at the time of follow-up in the appropriate space, in feet and inches or centimeters. If the recipient's height is unavailable, select the appropriate status from the **ST** field (**N/A**, **Not Done**, **Missing**, **Unknown**). For recipients 18 years old or younger at the time of follow-up, UNet will generate and display calculated percentiles based on the 2000 CDC growth charts. This field is required for **pediatric** recipients only.

Weight: Enter the weight of the recipient at the time of follow-up in the appropriate space, in pounds or kilograms. If the recipient's weight is unavailable, select the appropriate status from the **ST** field (**N/A**, **Not Done**, **Missing**, **Unknown**). For recipients 18 years old or younger at the time of follow-up, UNet will generate and display calculated percentiles based on the 2000 CDC growth charts. This field is required for **pediatric** recipients only.

BMI (Body Mass Index)**:** For candidates less than 20 years of age during the follow-up period, UNet will generate and display calculated percentiles based on the 2000 CDC growth charts.

> **Percentiles** are the most commonly used clinical indicator to assess the size and growth patterns of individual children in the United States. Percentiles rank the position of an individual by indicating what percent of the reference population the individual would equal or exceed (i.e. on the weight-for-age growth charts, a 5 year-old girl whose weight is at the 25th percentile, weighs the same or more than 25 percent of the reference about CDC growth charts, see http://www.cdc.gov/.
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> ***Note:*** Users who check the BMI percentiles against the CDC calculator may notice a discrepancy that is caused by the CDC calculator using 1 decimal place for height and weight and UNet[sm] using 4 decimal places for weight and 2 for height.

Is Growth Hormone Therapy Used During This Follow-up Period: (Complete for recipients less than 18 years of age at transplant and less than 26 years of age at follow-up) If the recipient is undergoing growth hormone therapy during this follow-up period, select **Yes**. If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **UNK**.

New diabetes onset during the last follow-up to the current follow-up : If the recipient developed diabetes during the follow-up period, select **Yes**. If new onset of diabetes was already reported on last follow-up, do not report it again on current follow-up. If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **UNK**. If **Yes** is selected, indicate whether the recipient was dependent on insulin.

> **If yes, insulin dependent:** If the recipient is insulin dependent, select **Yes**. If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **UNK**.

Bone Disease (check all that apply): (Complete for recipients younger than 18 years of age at transplant and younger than 26 years of age at follow-up.)

> **Fracture in the past year:** If the recipient had any fractures in the past year, select **Yes**. If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **UNK**.
>
> If **Yes** is selected, specify the location and number of fractures.
>
> **Spine-compression, #**
> **Extremity, #**
> **Other, #**
>
> **AVN (avascular necrosis):**If the recipient has AVN at the time of follow-up, select **Yes**. If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **UNK**.

Graft Status: If the graft is functioning at the time of follow-up, select **Functioning**. If the graft is not functioning at the time of follow-up, select **Failed**.

Note: If death is indicated for the recipient, and the death was a result of some other factor unrelated to graft failure, select **Functioning**.

If Functioning, Most Recent Serum Creatinine: Enter the most recent serum creatinine, in mg/dl, available if the recipient's kidney graft was functioning at the time of follow-up. If unavailable, select the status from the **ST** field (**N/A**, **Not Done**, **Missing**, **Unknown**).

Date of Failure: Enter the graft failure date using the standard 8-digit numeric format of MM/DD/YYYY.

Primary Cause of Graft Failure: Select the primary cause of graft failure. If **Other, Specify** is selected, enter the cause of failure in the space provided.

Acute Rejection
Primary Non-Function (Graft never functioned post-transplant)
Graft Thrombosis
Infection
Urological Complications
Recurrent Disease
Chronic Rejection
BK (Polyoma) Virus
Other, Specify

Dialysis Since Last Follow-up: If the recipient has received dialysis during the follow-up period, select **Yes**. If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **Unknown**. If a **Yes** choice was selected, enter the date the dialysis resumed and the dialysis provider.

No
Yes, Resumed Maintenance Dialysis
Yes, No Maintenance Resumption
Yes, Maintenance Resumption Unknown
Yes, Returned to Chronic Maintenance Dialysis (ESRD)
Yes, Returned to (or continued on) Temporary Dialysis

Date Dialysis Resumed: If the recipient returned to dialysis, enter the date using the standard 8-digit numeric format of MM/DD/YYYY.

Select a Dialysis Provider: Select either **State** or **ESRD Network**, then click **Find a Center**. Click on the **Center Name** that is providing dialysis. The **Provider #** and **Provider Name** will be automatically entered. (These fields are optional.)

Did patient have any acute rejection episodes during the follow-up period: If the recipient experienced at least one episode during this follow-up period, select **Yes**. If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **Unknown**. If **Yes** is selected, indicate if a biopsy was done to confirm acute rejection.

Yes, at least one episode treated with anti-rejection agent
Yes, none was treated with additional anti-rejection agent
No
Unknown

Viral Detection: The following fields will be required on 6-month and 1-year TRFs if the recipient received an organ from a donor that was classified as “CDC High Risk” on the DDR. For each of the tests listed, select the results from the drop-down lists (**Positive, Negative, Not Done, Unknown/Cannot Disclose**).

HIV Serology: Select the results from the drop-down list.

Positive
Negative
UKN/Cannot Disclose
Cannot Disclose

Not Done
Indeterminate
Pending

HIV NAT: Select the results from the drop-down list.

Positive
Negative
UKN/Cannot Disclose
Cannot Disclose
Not Done
Indeterminate
Pending

HbsAg: Select the results from the drop-down list.

Positive
Negative
UKN/Cannot Disclose
Cannot Disclose
Note Done
Indeterminate
Pending

HBV DNA: Select the results from the drop-down list.

Positive
Negative
UKN/Cannot Disclose
Cannot Disclose
Not Done
Indeterminate
Pending

HBV Core Antibody: Select the results from the drop-down list.

Positive
Negative
UKN/Cannot Disclose
Cannot Disclose
Not Done
Indeterminate
Pending

HCV Serology: Select the results from the drop-down list.

Positive
Negative
UKN/Cannot Disclose
Cannot Disclose
Not Done
Indeterminate
Pending

HCV NAT: Select the results from the drop-down list.

Positive
Negative
UKN/Cannot Disclose
Cannot Disclose
Not Done

Indeterminate
Pending

Postransplant Malignancy: If the recipient has been diagnosed with any malignant cancer since the last follow-up, select **Yes**. If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **UNK**. If **Yes** is selected, at least one of the fields listed below must be completed. A Post Transplant Malignancy record will generate when one or more of the fields listed below is selected. For additional information, see **Post Transplant Malignancy Record Fields**.

Donor Related: If the malignancy is donor related, select **Yes** . If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **UNK**. If **Yes** is selected, the Donor Related section will be displayed on the Post Transplant Malignancy record. For additional information, see **Post Transplant Malignancy Record Fields - Donor Related**.

Recurrence of Pre-Tx tumor: If a pre-transplant tumor has recurred, select **Yes**. If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **UNK**. If **Yes** is selected, the Recurrence of Pretransplant Malignancy section will be displayed on the Post Transplant Malignancy record. For additional information, see **Post Transplant Malignancy Record Fields - Recurrence of Pretransplant Malignancy**.

Post Tx De Novo Solid Tumor: If the cancer was a De Novo solid tumor, select **Yes** If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **UNK**. If **Yes** is selected, the Post Transplant De Novo Solid Tumor section will be displayed on the Post Transplant Malignancy record. For additional information, see **Post Transplant Malignancy Record Fields - Post Transplant De Novo Solid Tumor**.

De Novo Lymphoproliferative disease and Lymphoma: If the cancer was post transplant lymphoproliferative disease or lymphoma, select **Yes** . If not, select **No**. If unknown, select **UNK**. If **Yes** is selected, the Post Tx Lymphoproliferative Disease and Lymphoma section will be displayed on the Post Transplant Malignancy record. For additional information, see **Post Transplant Malignancy Record Fields - Post Tx Lymphoproliferative Disease and Lymphoma**.

Note: Please report each type of malignancy only once in the follow-up process.

Note: When a patient has a tumor during one follow up period and the tumor continues into the next follow-up period without going away, the tumor should only be reported on that first follow-up record and not reported on the next follow-up record. The tumor should be reported on subsequent follow-up records ONLY if the tumor goes away and then returns in the next follow-up period.

Treatment

Note: If the recipient was removed from the waiting list with a code 21, indicating the recipient died during the transplant procedure, select **No** for all Biologicals or Anti-viral.

Immunosuppressive Information

Previous Validated Maintenance Follow-up Medications: The follow-up Immunosuppression medication(s) indicated in the patient's most recently validated Transplant Recipient Registration (TRR) or Transplant Recipient Follow-up (TRF) record will be listed.

Note: If a drug cannot be indicated as **Maintenance** in the Transplant Recipient Registration (TRR), then it cannot be indicated as **Current Maintenance** or **Previous Maintenance** in the TRF. If the drug cannot be indicated as **Anti-rejection** in the TRR, then it cannot be indicated as **Anti-rejection** in the TRF.

Were any medications given during the follow-up period for maintenance:

If there were immunosuppressive medications during this follow-up period, select **Yes, same as validated TRR form**. The drugs on the previously validated TRR will pre-populate.

If there have been no changes in medications during this follow-up period, select **Yes, same as previous validated report.** The immunosuppressive medications selected as Current on the

previous validated report will automatically be checked off in the Previous and Current columns of this follow-up record.

If there have been changes in medications during this follow-up period, select **Yes, but different than previous validated report**. Then select the appropriate Immunosuppressive Medications by placing a checkmark in the **Current Maint** or **AR** column.

If no medications were given during this follow-up period, select **None given**.

Note: If any medications were given during the 6-month follow-up period for maintenance, immunosuppression medications from the patient's validated TRR will be listed.

Immunosuppressive Medications

For each of the immunosuppressant medications listed, check **Previous Maintenance (Prev Maint)**, **Current Maintenance (Curr Maint)** or **Anti-rejection (AR)** to indicate all medications that were prescribed for the recipient during this follow-up period, and for what reason. If a medication was not given, leave the associated box(es) blank.

Previous Maintenance (Prev Maint) includes all immunosuppressive medications given during the report period, which covers the period from the last clinic visit to the current clinic visit, for varying periods of time which may be either long-term or intermediate term with a tapering of the dosage until the drug is either eliminated or replaced by another long-term maintenance drug (e.g., Prednisone, Cyclosporine, Tacrolimus, Mycophenolate Mofetil, Azathioprine, or Rapamycin). This does not include any immunosuppressive medications given to treat rejection episodes.

Current Maintenance (Curr Maint) includes all immunosuppressive medications given at the time of the current clinic visit to begin in the next report period for varying periods of time which may be either long-term or intermediate term with a tapering of the dosage until the drug is either eliminated or replaced by another long-term maintenance drug (e.g., Prednisone, Cyclosporine, Tacrolimus, Mycophenolate Mofetil, Azathioprine, or Rapamycin). This does not include any immunosuppressive medications given to treat rejection episodes.

Note: If the recipient was taking maintenance medications during the follow-up period but is now deceased, then select **Yes, but different than previous validated report**, and check-off all applicable medications in the **Previous** column only. Do not check-off any medications in the **Current** column.

Note: On Recipient Death (RD) records, any maintenance medications given during the follow-up period should be noted as **Previous**, and nothing should be noted in the **Current** column.

Anti-rejection (AR) immunosuppression includes all immunosuppressive medications given for the purpose of treating an acute rejection episode since the last clinic visit (e.g., Methylprednisolone, Atgam, OKT3, or Thymoglobulin). When switching maintenance drugs (e.g., from Tacrolimus to Cyclosporine; or from Mycophenolate Mofetil to Azathioprine) because of rejection, the drugs should not be listed under AR immunosuppression, but should be listed under maintenance immunosuppression.

Note: The **Anti-rejection** field refers to any anti-rejection medications since the last clinic visit, not just at the time of the current clinic visit.

Note: As further clarification, drugs that are used with the intention to maintain recipients long-term are medications such as Tacrolimus, Cyclosporine, Azathioprine, Mycophenolate Mofetil and Prednisone. These maintenance medications should not be listed as **AR** medications to treat acute rejection. When patients have a true acute rejection, they are given anti-rejection medication such as steroids, OKT3, ATG, Simulect and Zenapax, in addition to the maintenance medications. These are the medications that should be selected as **anti-rejection**.

If an immunosuppressive medication other than those listed is being administered (e.g., new monoclonal antibodies), select **Previous Maint**, or **Current Maint**, or **AR** next to **Other**

Immunosuppressive Medication field, and enter the full name of the medication in the space provided. **Do not list non-immunosuppressive medications**.

Other Immunosuppressive Medications

For each of the immunosuppressant medications listed, check **Previous Maintenance (Prev Maint)**, **Current Maintenance (Curr Maint)** or **Anti-rejection (AR)** to indicate all medications that were prescribed for the recipient during this follow-up period, and for what reason. If a medication was not given, leave the associated box(es) blank.

Previous Maintenance (Prev Maint) includes all immunosuppressive medications given during the report period, which covers the period from the last clinic visit to the current clinic visit, for varying periods of time which may be either long-term or intermediate term with a tapering of the dosage until the drug is either eliminated or replaced by another long-term maintenance drug (e.g., Prednisone, Cyclosporine, Tacrolimus, Mycophenolate Mofetil, Azathioprine, or Rapamycin). This does not include any immunosuppressive medications given to treat rejection episodes.

Current Maintenance (Curr Maint) includes all immunosuppressive medications given at the time of the current clinic visit to begin in the next report period for varying periods of time which may be either long-term or intermediate term with a tapering of the dosage until the drug is either eliminated or replaced by another long-term maintenance drug (e.g., Prednisone, Cyclosporine, Tacrolimus, Mycophenolate Mofetil, Azathioprine, or Rapamycin). This does not include any immunosuppressive medications given to treat rejection episodes.

Note: On Recipient Death (RD) records, any maintenance medications given during the follow-up period should be noted as **Previous**, and nothing should be noted in the **Current** column.

Anti-rejection (AR) immunosuppression includes all immunosuppressive medications given for the purpose of treating an acute rejection episode since the last clinic visit (e.g., Methylprednisolone, Atgam, OKT3, or Thymoglobulin). When switching maintenance drugs (e.g., from Tacrolimus to Cyclosporine; or from Mycophenolate Mofetil to Azathioprine) because of rejection, the drugs should not be listed under AR immunosuppression, but should be listed under maintenance immunosuppression.

Note: The **Anti-rejection** field refers to any anti-rejection medications since the last clinic visit, not just at the time of the current clinic visit.

Note: As further clarification, drugs that are used with the intention to maintain recipients long-term are medications such as Tacrolimus, Cyclosporine, Azathioprine, Mycophenolate Mofetil and Prednisone. These maintenance medications should not be listed as **AR** medications to treat acute rejection. When patients have a true acute rejection, they are given anti-rejection medication such as steroids, OKT3, ATG, Simulect and Zenapax, in addition to the maintenance medications. These are the medications that should be selected as **anti-rejection**.

If an immunosuppressive medication other than those listed is being administered (e.g., new monoclonal antibodies), select **Previous Maint**, or **Current Maint**, or **AR** next to **Other Immunosuppressive Medication** field, and enter the full name of the medication in the space provided. **Do not list non-immunosuppressive medications**.

Investigational Immunosuppressive Medications

For each of the immunosuppressant medications listed, check **Previous Maintenance (Prev Maint)**, **Current Maintenance (Curr Maint)** or **Anti-rejection (AR)** to indicate all medications that were prescribed for the recipient during this follow-up period, and for what reason. If a medication was not given, leave the associated box(es) blank.

Previous Maintenance (Prev Maint) includes all immunosuppressive medications given during the report period, which covers the period from the last clinic visit to the current clinic visit, for varying

periods of time which may be either long-term or intermediate term with a tapering of the dosage until the drug is either eliminated or replaced by another long-term maintenance drug (e.g., Prednisone, Cyclosporine, Tacrolimus, Mycophenolate Mofetil, Azathioprine, or Rapamycin). This does not include any immunosuppressive medications given to treat rejection episodes.

Current Maintenance (Curr Maint) includes all immunosuppressive medications given at the time of the current clinic visit to begin in the next report period for varying periods of time which may be either long-term or intermediate term with a tapering of the dosage until the drug is either eliminated or replaced by another long-term maintenance drug (e.g., Prednisone, Cyclosporine, Tacrolimus, Mycophenolate Mofetil, Azathioprine, or Rapamycin). This does not include any immunosuppressive medications given to treat rejection episodes.

Note: On Recipient Death (RD) records, any maintenance medications given during this follow-up period should be noted as **Previous**, and nothing should be noted in the **Current** column.

Anti-rejection (AR) immunosuppression includes all immunosuppressive medications given for the purpose of treating an acute rejection episode since the last clinic visit (e.g., Methylprednisolone, Atgam, OKT3, or Thymoglobulin). When switching maintenance drugs (e.g., from Tacrolimus to Cyclosporine; or from Mycophenolate Mofetil to Azathioprine) because of rejection, the drugs should not be listed under AR immunosuppression, but should be listed under maintenance immunosuppression.

Note: The **Anti-rejection** field refers to any anti-rejection medications since the last clinic visit, not just at the time of the current clinic visit.

Note: As further clarification, drugs that are used with the intention to maintain recipients long-term are medications such as Tacrolimus, Cyclosporine, Azathioprine, Mycophenolate Mofetil and Prednisone. These maintenance medications should not be listed as **AR** medications to treat acute rejection. When patients have a true acute rejection, they are given anti-rejection medication such as steroids, OKT3, ATG, Simulect and Zenapax, in addition to the maintenance medications. These are the medications that should be selected as **anti-rejection**.

If an immunosuppressive medication other than those listed is being administered (e.g., new monoclonal antibodies), select **Previous Maint**, or **Current Maint**, or **AR** next to **Other Immunosuppressive Medication** field, and enter the full name of the medication in the space provided. **Do not list non-immunosuppressive medications**.

Drug Codes

Sandimmune (Cyclosporine A)
Neoral (CyA-NOF)
Prograf (Tacrolimus, FK506)
Sirolimus (RAPA, Rapamycin, Rapamune)
Leflunomide (LFL, Arava)
Azathioprine (AZA, Imuran)
CellCept (Mycophenolate Mofetil, MMF)
Cyclophosphamide (Cytoxan)
Methotrexate (Folex, PFS, Mexate-AQ, Rheumatrex)
Atgam (ATG)
OKT3 (Orthoclone, Muromonab)
Thymoglobulin
Zenapax - Daclizumab
Simulect - Basiliximab
Gengraf (Abbott Cyclosporine)
Zortress (Everolimus)
EON (Generic Cyclosporine)
Myfortic (Mycophenolate Sodium)
Other generic Cyclosporine, specify brand:
Steroids (Prednisone, Methylprednisolone, Solumedrol, Medrol, Decadron)

Campath - Alemtuzumab (anti-CD52)
FTY 720
Rituximab
Astagraf XL (Extended Release Tacrolimus)
Generic Tacrolimus (Generic Prograf)
Nulojix (Belatacept)
Generic MMF (Generic CellCept)
Other Immunosuppressive Medication, Specify
Other Immunosuppressive Medication, Specify