

**SUPPORTING STATEMENT FOR NEW AND  
REVISED INFORMATION COLLECTIONS  
OMB CONTROL NUMBER 3038-0054**

- 1. Explain the circumstances that make the collection of information necessary. Identify any legal or administrative requirements that necessitate the collection. Attach a copy of the appropriate section of each statute and regulation mandating or authorizing the collection of information.**

The Congress amended the Commodity Exchange Act on December 21, 2000 (the Commodity Futures Modernization Act of 2000 (CFMA)). The Commodity Futures Trading Commission (Commission) amended its existing regulatory structure to implement the CFMA by implementing a new regulatory framework. Under the CFMA and the new regulatory framework, a board of trade, facility, or entity is eligible to operate as an exempt market.

The CFTC's framework provides for several levels of regulation for derivatives markets. In addition to the markets subject to the regulatory oversight of the Commission -- designated contract markets and derivatives transaction execution facilities (DTEFs) -- the CFMA authorizes two categories of markets exempt from regulatory oversight by the Commission; exempt commercial markets and exempt boards of trade. The Commission's rules are necessary to implement these statutory exemptions in part 36. Specifically, sections 2(h)(3) through (5) of the Commodity Exchange Act (Act) add exempt commercial markets as markets excluded from the Act's other requirements. The Commission's rules for these markets implement the qualifying conditions of the exemption. Rule 36.3(a) implements the notification requirements of section 2(h)(5)(A) of the Act and Rule 36.3(b)(1) establishes information requirements for exempt commercial markets consistent with section 2(h)(5)(B) of the Act. An exempt commercial market may provide the Commission with electronic access to transactions conducted on the facility or it can satisfy its reporting requirements by complying with the Commission's large trader reporting requirements in existing parts 15 through 18 of the Commission's rules. Although the Act as amended exempts these electronic markets from Commission regulatory oversight, the Act at the same time affirmatively vests the Commission with comprehensive anti-manipulation enforcement authority over these trading facilities. The Commission is charged with monitoring these markets for manipulation and enforcing the anti-manipulation provisions of the Act. The informational requirements imposed by these proposed rules are designed to ensure that the Commission can effectively perform these functions.

Section 5d of the Act, as added by section 114 of the CFMA, establishes a category of market exempt from Commission oversight referred to as an "exempt board of trade." The Commission in rule 36.2 implements regulations for section 5d of the Act that define those commodities that are eligible to trade on an exempt board of trade. Rule 36.2(b) implements the notification requirements of section 5d of the Act. As the Commission has proposed for exempt commercial markets, the Commission in rule 36.2(b)(1) requires exempt boards of trade relying on this exemption to disclose to traders that the facility and trading on the facility is not regulated by the Commission. This requirement is necessary to make manifest the nature of the market and to avoid misleading the public.

The information collected by the Commission is necessary for the Commission to evaluate whether an applicant meets the foregoing recognition requirements to operate as an exempt market.

**2. Indicate how, by whom, and for what purpose the data would be used. Except for a new collection, indicate the actual use the agency has made of the information received from the current collection.**

Each exempt market files (i) an initial set of its rules and procedures, (ii) a description of how it will comply with the enumerated core principles for DTFs, and (iii) a copy of the rules relating to terms and conditions for contracts traded.

Each board of trade operating under section 5d of the Act as an exempt board of trade shall so notify the Commission. This notification includes: (1) the name and address of the exempt board of trade and (2) the name and telephone number of a contact person. An electronic trading facility relying upon the exemption in section 2(h)(3) of the Act also is required to notify the Commission of its intention to do so. This notification includes the information and certifications specified in section 2(h)(5)(A) of the Act, which include (1) the name and address of the facility and a person designated to receive communications from the Commission; (2) the commodity categories that the facility intends to list or otherwise make available for trading on the facility; (3) certifications regarding the composition of the governing board that the facility will comply with the conditions for exemption under this paragraph; and that the facility will notify the Commission of any material change in the information previously provided by the facility; and (4) the identity of any derivatives clearing organization to which the facility transmits or intends to transmit transaction data for the purpose of facilitating the clearance and settlement of transactions conducted on the facility.

The information collected under this rule is necessary to comply with the statutory requirements for exempt markets as set forth in the CFMA and for the Commission to carry out the oversight responsibilities for these markets.

**3. Describe whether, and to what extent, the collection of information involves the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g. permitting electronic submission of responses, and the basis for the decision for adopting this means of collection. Also describe any consideration of using information technology to reduce burden.**

The rule provides for the filing of the required information by electronic mail (e-mail). Electronic filing expedites processing and publication of the information. The large and sophisticated entities required to report under this regulation are likely to have the facilities to file reports in this matter with no undue burden.

**4. Describe efforts to identify duplication. Show specifically why any similar information already available cannot be used or modified for use for the purposes described in Item 2 above.**

Information of the type that is required under the rule is not currently collected from the intended respondents by the Commission or by any other agency.

5. **If the collection of information involves small business or other small entities (Item 5 of OMB Form 83-I), describe the methods used to minimize burden.**

Information of the type that is required under the rule does not involve any small organizations.

6. **Describe the consequence to the Federal Program or policy activities if the collection were conducted less frequently as well as any technical or legal obstacles to reducing burden.**

This question does not apply.

7. **Explain any special circumstances that require the collection to be conducted in a manner:**

- **Requiring respondents to report information to the agency more often than quarterly.**

The rule does not require the respondent to report any information to the Commission more often than quarterly.

- **Requiring respondents to prepare a written response to a collection of information in fewer than 30 days after receipt of it.**

This rule does not apply.

- **Requiring respondents to submit more than an original and two copies of any document.**

Respondents are required to submit only a single copy of an application to the Commission.

- **Requiring respondents to retain records other than health, medical, government contract, grant-in-aid, or tax records, for more than three years.**

This question does not apply.

- **In connection with a statistical survey, that is not designed to produce valid and reliable results that can be generalized to the universe of study.**

The rule does not involve a statistical survey.

- **Requiring the use of a statistical data classification that has not been reviewed and approved by OMB.**

The rule does not involve the use of any statistical data classification that has not been reviewed and approved by OMB.

- **That includes a pledge of confidentiality that is not supported by authority established in statute or regulation, that is not supported by disclosure and data security policies that are consistent with the pledge, or which unnecessarily impedes sharing of data with other agencies for compatible confidential use.**

The rule does not involve any pledge of confidentiality regarding the collection of data.

- **Requiring respondents to submit proprietary trade secrets, or other confidential information unless the agency can demonstrate that it has instituted procedures to protect the information's confidentiality to the extent permitted by law.**

The rule has been designed to require only that information which is required by the CFMA.

- 8. If applicable, provide a copy and identify the date and page number of publication in the Federal Register of the agency's notice required by 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on the information collection prior to submission to OMB. Summarize public comments received in response to that notice and describe actions taken by the agency in response to these comments. Specifically address comments received on cost and hour burden.**

The Commission solicited comments on the estimated paperwork burden. None were received.

**Describe efforts to consult with persons outside the agency to obtain their views on the availability of data, frequency of collection, the clarity of instructions and recordkeeping disclosure, or reporting format (if any, and on the data elements to be recorded, disclosed, or reported).**

The Commission solicited comments on the collection burden. None were received.

**Consultation with representatives of those from whom information is to be obtained or those who must compile records should occur at least once every 3 years - even if the collection of information activity is the same as in prior periods. There may be circumstances that may preclude consultation in a specific situation. These circumstances should be explained.**

No such circumstances are anticipated.

- 9. Explain any decision to provide any payment or gift to respondents, other than remuneration of contractors or grantees.**

This question does not apply.

- 10. Describe any assurance of confidentiality provided to respondents and the basis for the assurance in statute, regulations, or agency policy.**

The Commission has provided no assurance of confidentiality above that provided by the agency's Freedom of Information Act regulations, 17 C.F.R. Part 145.

- 11. Provide additional justification for any questions of a sensitive nature, such as sexual behavior and attitudes, religious beliefs, and other matters that are commonly considered private. This justification should include the reasons why the agency considers the questions necessary, the specific uses to be made of the information, the explanation to be given to persons from whom the information is requested, and any steps to be taken to obtain their consent.**

This question does not apply.

- 12. Provide estimates of the hour burden of the collection of information. The Statement should:**

- **Indicate the number of respondents, frequency of response, annual hour burden and an explanation of how the burden was estimated. Unless directed to do so, agencies should not conduct special surveys to obtain information on which to base hour burden estimates. Consultation with a sample (fewer than ten) of potential respondents is desirable. If the hour burden on respondents is expected to vary widely because of differences in activity, size or complexity, show the range of estimated hour burden, and explain the reasons for the variance. Generally, estimates should not include burden hours for customary and usual business practices.**
- **If the request for approval covers more than one form, provide separate hour burden estimates for each form and aggregate the hour burdens in Item 13 of OMB Form 83-I.**
- **Provide estimates of annualized cost to respondents for the hours burdens for collections of information, identifying and using appropriate wage rate categories. The cost of contracting out or paying outside parties for information collection activities should not be included here. Instead, this cost should be included in Item 13.**

See Attachment A.

- 13. Provide an estimate of the total annual cost burden to respondents or recordkeepers resulting from the collection of information. (Do not include the cost of any hour burden shown in Items 12 and 14).**

- **The cost estimate should be split into two components; (a) a total capital and start-up cost component (annualized over its expected useful life) and (b) a total operation and maintenance and purchase of services component. The estimates should take into account costs associated with generating,**

**maintaining, and disclosing or providing the information. Include descriptions of methods used to estimate major costs factors including system and technology acquisition, expected useful life of capital equipment, the discount rate(s), and the time period over which costs will be incurred. Capital and start-up costs include, among other items, preparations for collecting information such as purchasing computers and software, monitoring, sampling, drilling and testing equipment, and record storage facilities.**

- **If cost estimates are expected to vary widely, agencies should present ranges of cost burdens and explain the reasons for the variance. The cost of purchasing or contracting out information collection services should be a part of this cost burden estimate, agencies may consult with a sample of respondents (fewer than ten), utilize the 60-day pre-OMB submission public comment process and use existing economic or regulatory impact analysis associated with the rulemaking containing the information collection, as appropriate.**
- **Generally, estimates should not include purchases of equipment or services, or portions thereof, made: (1) prior to October 1, 1995, (2) to achieve regulatory compliance with requirements not associated with the information collection, (3) for reasons other than to provide information or keep records for the government, or (4) as part of customary and usual business or private practices.**

The rule requires no new start-up or operations and maintenance costs. See Attachment A.

- 14. Provide estimates of the annualized costs to the Federal Government. Also provide a description of the method used to estimate cost, which should include quantification of hours, operational expenses (such as equipment, overhead, printing and support staff), and any other expense that would not have been incurred without this collection of information. Agencies may also aggregate cost estimates from Items 12, 13, and 14 in a single table.**

The cost to the government per applicant is estimated at about \$8,800 per year. This is primarily salaries and benefits for economists and attorneys to analyze the information received, as follows: One full time equivalent reviewing for 2 days at 8 hours per day at an average salary of \$55 per hour. The total number of hours review time per applicant is 16 and the total cost to the government per applicant is \$8,800 per year.

- 15. Explain the reasons for any program changes or adjustments reported in Items 13 or 14 of the OMB Form 83-I.**

The reason for the increase is due to an increase in the number of markets that have submitted to the Commission notifications of their intent to operate in reliance on the exemption found in Commodity Exchange Act sections 2(h)(3)-(5) and 5d.

- 16. For collection of information whose results are planned to be published for statistical use, outline plans for tabulation, statistical analysis, and publication. Provide the time schedule for the entire project, including beginning and ending dates of the collection of information, completion of report, publication dates, and other actions.**

This question does not apply.

- 17. If seeking approval to not display the expiration date for OMB approval of the information collection, explain the reasons that display would be inappropriate.**

This question does not apply.

- 18. Explain each exception to the certification statement identified in Item 19, "Certification for Paperwork Reduction Act Submissions," of OMB Form 83-I.**

With respect to item 19(f) of OMB Form 83.1, no new recordkeeping requirement is imposed by the rule.

**3038-0054 - PART 36, ESTABLISHING PROCEDURES TO IMPLEMENT THE NOTIFICATION  
REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTITIES OPERATING AS EXEMPT MARKETS**

	<b>ESTIMATED # OF RESPONDENTS OR RECORDKEEPERS PER YEAR</b>	<b>REPORTS ANNUALLY BY EACH RESPONDENT</b>	<b>TOTAL ANNUAL RESPONSES</b>	<b>ESTIMATED AVERAGE NUMBER OF HOURS PER RESPONSE</b>	<b>ESTIMATED TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS OF ANNUAL BURDEN IN FISCAL YEAR</b>
REPORTING					
Demonstration that derivatives transaction facility meets core principals (one time only)	20	1	20	10	200
GRAND TOTAL	20		20		200

**17 CFR**  
**Commodity and Securities Exchanges**  
**CHAPTER I**  
**COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION**  
**PART 36 -- EXEMPT MARKETS**

**Sec.**

36.1 Scope.

36.2 Exempt boards of trade.

36.3 Exempt commercial markets.

**Authority:** 7 U.S.C. 2, 5, 6, 6c, and 12a, as amended by the Commodity Futures Modernization Act of 2000, Appendix E of Pub. L. 106-554, 114 Stat. 2763 (2000).

**Source:** [66 FR 42270](#), Aug. 10, 2001, unless otherwise noted.

**§ 36.1 Scope.**

The provisions of this part apply to any board of trade or electronic trading facility eligible for exemption under sections 5d and 2(h)(3) through (5) of the Act, respectively.

**§ 36.2 Exempt boards of trade.**

(a) *Eligible commodities.* Commodities eligible under section 5d(b)(1) of the Act to be traded by an exempt board of trade are:

(1) Commodities having—

(i) A nearly inexhaustible deliverable supply;

(ii) A deliverable supply that is sufficiently large, and a cash market sufficiently liquid, to render any contract traded on the commodity highly unlikely to be susceptible to the threat of manipulation; or

(iii) No cash market.

(2) The commodities that meet the criteria of paragraph (a)(1) of this section are:

(i) The commodities defined in section 1a(13) of the Act as “excluded commodities” (other than a security, including any group or index thereof or any interest in, or based on the value of, any security or group or index of securities); and

(ii) Such other commodity or commodities as the Commission may determine by rule, regulation or order.

(b) *Notification.* Boards of trade operating under Section 5d of the Act as exempt boards of trade shall so notify the Commission. This notification shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commission at its Washington, DC headquarters, in electronic form, shall be labeled as “Notification of Operation as an Exempt Board of Trade,” and shall include:

(1) The name and address of the exempt board of trade; and

(2) The name and telephone number of a contact person.

(c) *Additional requirements* —(1) *Prohibited representation.* A board of trade notifying the Commission that it meets the criteria of Section 5d of the Act and elects to operate as an exempt board of trade shall not represent to any person that it is registered with, designated, recognized, licensed or approved by the Commission.

(2) *Market data dissemination.* (i) *Criteria for price discovery determination.* An exempt board of trade operating a market in reliance on the exemption in Section 5d of the Act performs a significant price discovery function for transactions in the cash market for a commodity underlying any agreement, contract, or transaction executed or traded on the facility when:

(A) Cash market bids, offers or transactions are directly based on, or quoted at a differential to, the prices generated on the market on a more than occasional basis; or

(B) The market's prices are routinely disseminated in a widely distributed industry publication and are routinely consulted by industry participants in pricing cash market transactions.

(ii) *Notification.* An exempt board of trade operating a market in reliance on the exemption in Section 5d of the Act shall notify the Commission when:

(A) It has reason to believe that cash market bids, offers or transactions are directly based on, or quoted at a differential to, the prices generated on the market on a more than occasional basis;

(B) It has reason to believe that the market's prices are routinely disseminated in a widely distributed industry publication and are routinely consulted by industry participants in pricing cash market transactions; or

(C) The exempt board of trade holds out the market to the public as performing a price discovery function for the cash market for the commodity.

(iii) *Price discovery determination.* Following receipt of a notice under paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section, or on its own initiative, the Commission may notify an exempt board of trade operating a market in reliance on the exemption in Section 5d of the Act that the facility appears to meet the criteria for performing a significant price discovery function under paragraph (c)(2)(i)(A) or (B) of this section. Before making a final price discovery determination under this

paragraph, the Commission shall provide the exempt board of trade with an opportunity for a hearing through the submission of written data, views and arguments. Any such written data, views and arguments shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commission in the form and manner and within the time specified by the Commission. After consideration of all relevant matters, the Commission shall issue an order containing its determination whether the facility performs a significant price discovery function under the criteria of paragraph (c)(2)(i)(A) or (B) of this section.

(iv) *Price dissemination.* (A) An exempt board of trade that the Commission has determined performs a significant price discovery function under paragraph (c)(2)(iii) of this section shall disseminate publicly, and on a daily basis, all of the following information with respect to transactions executed in reliance on the exemption in Section 5d of the Act:

( 1 ) Contract terms and conditions, or a product description, and trading conventions, mechanisms and practices;

( 2 ) Trading volume by commodity and, if available, open interest; and

( 3 ) The opening and closing prices or price ranges, the daily high and low prices, a volume-weighted average price that is representative of trading on the board of trade, or such other daily price information as proposed by the board of trade and approved by the Commission.

(B) The exempt board of trade shall make such information readily available to the news media and the general public without charge no later than the business day following the day to which the information pertains.

(v) *Modification of price discovery determination.* An exempt board of trade that the Commission has determined performs a significant price discovery function under paragraph (c)(2)(iii) of this section may petition the Commission at any time to modify or vacate that determination. The petition shall contain an appropriate justification for the request. The Commission, after notice and opportunity for a hearing through the submission of written data, views and arguments, shall by order grant, grant subject to conditions, or deny such request.

(3) *Annual Certification.* A board of trade operating under Section 5d of the Act as an exempt board of trade shall file with the Commission annually, no later than the end of each calendar year, a notice that includes: (i) A statement that it continues to operate under the exemption; and (ii) a certification that the information contained in the previous Notification of Operation as an Exempt Board of Trade is still correct.

[66 FR 42270, Aug. 10, 2001, as amended at 71 FR 1961, Jan. 12, 2006]

### **§ 36.3 *Exempt commercial markets.***

(a) *Notification.* An electronic trading facility relying upon the exemption in Section 2(h)(3) of the Act shall notify the Commission of its intention to do so. This notification, and subsequent notification of any material changes in the information initially provided, shall be filed with the

Secretary of the Commission at its Washington, DC headquarters, in electronic form, shall be labeled as “Notification of Operation as an Exempt Commercial Market,” and shall include the information and certifications specified in Section 2(h)(5)(A) of the Act.

(b) *Required information.* (1) A facility operating in reliance on the exemption in section 2(h)(3) of the Act, initially and on an on-going basis, must:

(i) Provide the Commission with access to the facility's trading protocols, either electronically or in hard copy form;

(ii) Identify to the Commission those transactions conducted on the facility with respect to which it intends, in good faith, to rely on the exemption in section 2(h)(3) of the Act, and which averaged five trades per day or more over the most recent calendar quarter, and, with respect to such transactions, either:

(A) Submit to the Commission, in a form and manner acceptable to the Commission, a report for each business day, showing for each transaction executed on the facility in reliance on the exemption set forth in section 2(h)(3) of the Act, and meeting the five trades per day or more threshold test of this section, the following information: the commodity, the location, the maturity date, whether it is a financially settled or physically delivered instrument, the date of execution, the time of execution, the price, the quantity, and such other information as the Commission may determine, and for an option instrument, in addition to the foregoing information, the type of option (call or put) and the strike price. Each such report shall be electronically transmitted weekly, within such time period as is acceptable to the Commission after the end of the week to which the data applies; or

(B) Provide the Commission, in a form and manner acceptable to the Commission, with electronic access to those transactions conducted on the facility in reliance on the exemption in section 2(h)(3) of the Act, and meeting the five trades per day or more threshold test of this section, which access would allow the Commission to compile the information described in paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(A) of this section and create a permanent record thereof;

(iii) Maintain a record of allegations or complaints received by the trading facility concerning instances of suspected fraud or manipulation in trading activity conducted in reliance on the exemption set forth in section 2(h)(3) of the Act. The record shall contain the name of the complainant, if provided, the date of the complaint, the market instrument, the substance of the allegations, and the name of the person at the trading facility who received the complaint; and

(iv) Provide to the Commission, either electronically or in hard copy form, a copy of the record of each complaint received pursuant to paragraph (b)(1)(iii) of this section that alleges, or relates to, facts that would constitute a violation of the Act or Commission regulations. Such copy shall be provided to the Commission no later than 30 calendar days after the complaint is received. Provided, however, that in the case of a complaint alleging, or relating to, facts that would constitute an ongoing fraud or market manipulation under the Act or Commission regulations, such copy shall be provided to the Commission within three business days after the complaint is received.

(2) The Commission hereby delegates, until the Commission orders otherwise, the authority to determine the form and manner of submitting reports, the time within which such reports shall be filed, and the form and manner of providing electronic access, under paragraph (b)(1) of this section, to the Director of the Division of Market Oversight and such members of the Commission's staff as the Director may designate. The Director may submit to the Commission for its consideration any matter that has been delegated by this paragraph. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits the Commission, at its election, from exercising the authority delegated in this paragraph.

(3) *Special calls.* (i) All information required upon special call of the Commission under section 2(h)(5)(B)(iii) of the Act shall be prepared in the form and manner and in accordance with the instructions, and shall be transmitted at the time and to the office of the Commission, as may be specified in the call.

(ii) The Commission hereby delegates, until the Commission orders otherwise, the authority to make special calls as set forth in section 2(h)(5)(B)(iii) of the Act to the Director of the Division of Clearing and Intermediary Oversight and to the Director of The Division of Market Oversight to be exercised by either Director or by such other employee or employees as the Director may designate. The directors may submit to the Commission for its consideration any matter that has been delegated in this paragraph. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits the Commission, at its election, from exercising the authority delegated in this paragraph.

(4) *Subpoenas to foreign persons.* A foreign person whose access to a trading facility is limited or denied at the direction of the Commission based on the Commission's belief that the foreign person has failed timely to comply with a subpoena as provided under section 2(h)(5)(C)(ii) of the Act shall have an opportunity for a prompt hearing under the procedures provided in §§21.03(g) and (h) of this chapter.

(c) *Additional requirements* —(1) *Prohibited representation* . An electronic trading facility relying upon the exemption in section 2(h)(3) of the Act shall not represent to any person that it is registered with, designated, recognized, licensed or approved by the Commission.

(2) *Market data dissemination* . (i) *Criteria for price discovery determination* . An electronic trading facility operating a market in reliance on the exemption in section 2(h)(3) of the Act performs a significant price discovery function for transactions in the cash market for a commodity underlying any agreement, contract, or transaction executed or traded on the electronic trading facility when:

(A) Cash market bids, offers or transactions are directly based on, or quoted at a differential to, the prices generated on the market on a more than occasional basis; or

(B) The market's prices are routinely disseminated in a widely distributed industry publication and are routinely consulted by industry participants in pricing cash market transactions.

(ii) *Notification.* An electronic trading facility operating in reliance on Section 2(h)(3) of the Act shall notify the Commission when:

(A) It has reason to believe that cash market bids, offers or transactions are directly based on, or quoted at a differential to, the prices generated on the market on a more than occasional basis;

(B) It has reason to believe that the market's prices are routinely disseminated in a widely distributed industry publication and are routinely consulted by industry participants in pricing cash market transactions; or

(C) The market holds itself out to the public as performing a price discovery function for the cash market for the commodity.

(iii) *Price discovery determination* . Following receipt of a notice under paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section, or on its own initiative, the Commission may notify an electronic trading facility operating in reliance on section 2(h)(3) of the Act that the trading facility appears to meet the criteria for performing a significant price discovery function under paragraph (c)(2)(i)(A) or (B) of this section. Before making a final price discovery determination under this paragraph, the Commission shall provide the electronic trading facility with an opportunity for a hearing through the submission of written data, views and arguments. Any such written data, views and arguments shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commission in the form and manner and within the time specified by the Commission. After consideration of all relevant matters, the Commission shall issue an order containing its determination whether the electronic trading facility performs a significant price discovery function under the criteria of paragraph (c)(2)(i)(A) or (B) of this section.

(iv) *Price dissemination*. (A) An electronic trading facility that the Commission has determined performs a significant price discovery function under paragraph (c)(2)(iii) of this section shall disseminate publicly and on a daily basis all of the following information with respect to transactions executed in reliance on the exemption:

( 1 ) Contract terms and conditions, or a product description, and trading conventions, mechanisms and practices;

( 2 ) Trading volume by commodity and, if available, open interest; and

( 3 ) The opening and closing prices or price ranges, the daily high and low prices, a volume-weighted average price that is representative of trading on the trading facility, or such other daily price information as proposed by the facility and approved by the Commission.

(B) The trading facility shall make such information readily available to the news media and the general public without charge no later than the business day following the day to which the information pertains.

(v) *Modification of price discovery determination* . A trading facility that the Commission has determined performs a significant price discovery function under paragraph (c)(2)(iii) of this section may petition the Commission at any time to modify or vacate that determination. The petition shall contain an appropriate justification for the request. The Commission, after notice

and opportunity for a hearing through the submission of written data, views and arguments, shall by order grant, grant subject to conditions, or deny such request.

(3) *Required representation* . The facility must represent in the notification provided under paragraph (a) of this section that it requires, and require, that each participant agree to comply with all applicable law and the facility must have a reasonable basis for believing that authorized participants are “eligible commercial entities” as defined in section 1a(11) of the Act.

(4) *Annual Certification*. An electronic trading facility operating in reliance upon the exemption in Section 2(h)(3) of the Act shall file with the Commission annually, no later than the end of each calendar year, a notice that includes: (i) A statement that it continues to operate under the exemption; and (ii) a certification that the information contained in the previous Notification of Operation as an Exempt Commercial Market is still correct.

[66 FR 42270, Aug. 10, 2001, as amended at 67 FR 62352, Oct. 7, 2002; 69 FR 43294, July 20, 2004; 71 FR 1962, Jan. 12, 2006]